# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors

C D Fish C K Kher (appointed 27 September 2022)

C Murphy

A C Sanches Noronha

A S Oates C A O'Donnell Z Quattrocchi J Wilson

Company secretary

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Registered number

11352289

Registered office

17 Charterhouse Street

London

United Kingdom EC1N 6RA

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Statutory Auditors 1 Embankment Place

London

United Kingdom WC2N 6RH

**Bankers** 

Barclays Bank PLC 1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London United Kingdom E14 5HP

## CONTENTS

	Page
Strategic report	1 - 3
Directors' report	4 - 7
Independent auditors' report	8 - 10
Statement of comprehensive income	11
Balance sheet	12 - 13
Statement of changes in equity	14 - 15
Notes to the financial statements	16 - 37

#### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Introduction

Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Services Ltd (the "Company") provides management, technical and consultancy services to companies in the Anglo American Group (the "Group"). The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

#### **Business review**

As reported in the Company's Statement of comprehensive income, the Company has incurred a loss after tax for the year of \$493,441,000 compared to a loss of \$259,183,000 in the prior year. The increase in the loss is as a result of the continuing ramp up of activity in the Company. Certain activities, largely relating to exploration, research and development, are not recharged to the rest of the Group and largely account for the loss in the Company.

The Balance sheet shows that the Company is in a net asset position of \$107,727,000 for the year compared to a net liability position of \$416,740,000 in the prior year.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management policies

The directors consider the risks attached to the Company's financial instruments which principally comprise loans to other group companies. The directors have taken a prudent approach in their consideration of the various risks attached to the financial instruments of the Company.

The Company's exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not material for the assessment of assets, liabilities and the financial statements. Credit risk is not considered to be material on the basis that the Company's debtor balances are due from other companies within the Anglo American Group and those companies are considered to have sufficient liquidity or financial support to be able to settle amounts owed to the Company.

#### Key performance indicators

The directors consider the Company's key performance indicators to be the control of and cost effective spend on management and technical services for the benefit of certain companies in the Group. This performance is monitored by the directors by way of management reports.

The Technical & Sustainability (T&S) employees of the Company work in partnership with Business Units and other Group functions to deliver the Group's goals on its seven pillars of value: Safety & Health, Environment, Socio-Political, People, Production, Cost and Financial. The performance and tracking of key initiatives are monitored and discussed on a monthly basis with the T&S Leadership team, and our Balanced Scorecard is presented quarterly at the T&S Townhalls. The directors consider the Company's key performance indicators to be the following:

- Operating Costs control of and cost effective spend on management and technical services for the benefit
  of certain companies in the Group. This performance is monitored by the directors by way of management
  reports.
- Turnover The Group's purpose is summarised as 'to re-imagine mining to improve people's lives', and the
  Company is focused on contributing to the achievement of this purpose via the provision of services to the
  Business Units. The Company's Turnover represents recharges to the Business Units for those services
  provided (in compliance with Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) specific
  guidelines) and is monitored by the T&S Leadership team on a quarterly basis.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Section 172(1) statement

The Company Board is cognisant of its legal duty to act in good faith and to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders and with regard to the interests of stakeholders and other factors. These include the likely consequences of any decisions we make in the long term; the need to foster the relationships we have with all our stakeholders; the interests of our employees; the impact our operations have on the environment and local communities; and the desire to maintain a reputation for high standards of business conduct.

Stakeholder considerations are integral to discussions at Board meetings and the decisions we make take into account any potential impacts on them and the environment. Like any business, we are aware that some of the decisions we make may have an adverse impact on certain stakeholders.

By listening to, understanding and engaging with our stakeholders, the Board endeavours to live up to their expectations, by staying true to the Purpose and making decisions in accordance with our Values.

#### Our Purpose and values

The Board recognises the role of the Company's business in society and within the Anglo American Group. The Group's purpose is summarised as 'to re-imagine mining to improve people's lives', and the Company is focused on contributing to the achievement of this purpose.

The Group's Values: Safety; Care and Respect; Integrity; Accountability; Collaboration; and Innovation guide our behaviour and shape our culture, and are fundamental to creating enduring benefit for all our employees, shareholders, and stakeholders in a way that demonstrably improves people's lives.

#### Engaging our stakeholders

Healthy stakeholder relationships help us to better communicate how our business decisions, activities and performance are likely to affect or be of significant interest to our stakeholders, and provide the opportunity to cocreate effective and lasting solutions to business and other challenges.

The Company's stakeholders include our host communities, governments, industry peers and broader civil society in addition to our shareholders.

#### The Interests of the Company's Employees

The Board acknowledges that our people are critical to everything we do. We create safe, inclusive and diverse working environments that encourage and support high performance and innovative thinking. We are acutely aware that to get the best from our people, we need to understand their viewpoints and address any concerns they may raise about working for us. We consider workforce engagement to be a priority for every leader at Anglo American; for several years, the Group has run regular surveys to identify areas where, for example we need to do more to ensure that colleagues feel cared for and respected.

#### Long Term Decision Making

The Board took a range of factors and stakeholder considerations into account when making decisions in the year. Decisions are made within the context of the long term factors that may impact the Company and its stakeholders.

#### Relationships with Suppliers and Customers

The Company aims to be a valued and trusted partner to all members of the industry. This includes the suppliers and customers that we operate with.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

This report was approved by the board on 6 July 2023 and signed by its order.

Dallauron

J Callaway
For and on behalf of
Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited
Secretary

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Directors' confirmations**

In the case of each director in office at the date the directors' report is approved.

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **Principal activities**

The Company provides management, technical and consultancy services to certain companies in the Anglo American Group (the "Group"). The directors have the present intention of maintaining the business in its current form for the foreseeable future.

Branches of the Company are established in Australia, Chile, Portugal and South Africa. The Australia branch has recognised a profit before tax for the year of \$6,206,000 (2021 - \$7,336,000), Chile branch has recognised a profit of \$4,501,000 (2021 - \$3,636,000) and the Portugal branch has recognised a loss of \$207,000 (2021 - \$NIL). The South Africa branch is not yet active.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to \$493,441,000 (2021 - \$259,183,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2021 - \$NIL).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

- C D Fish
- C K Kher (appointed 27 September 2022)
- C Murphy
- A C Sanches Noronha
- A S Oates
- C A O'Donnell
- Z Quattrocchi
- J Wilson

#### Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management policies

The financial risk management policies of the Company are disclosed in the Strategic Report.

#### **Future developments**

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

#### Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future for the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with the Group as it is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital and other needs.

The directors have also received a commitment of financial support from Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd. for use to the extent that it is necessary, including but not limited to, not seeking repayment of amounts advanced to the Company by the Group unless alternative financing has been secured by the Company and advancing further amounts to the Company as required. This support will remain in place for the foreseeable future, including the period of at least 12 months from authorisation of the Company's financial statements.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### **Engagement with employees**

The Board acknowledges that our people are critical to everything we do. We create safe, inclusive and diverse working environments that encourage and support high performance and innovative thinking. We are acutely aware that to get the best from our people, we need to understand their viewpoints and address any concerns they may raise about working for us. We consider workforce engagement to be a priority for every leader at Anglo American; for several years, the Group has run regular surveys to identify areas where, for example we need to do more to ensure that colleagues feel cared for and respected. The Group undertakes global employee engagement surveys which are issued to all of the Company's employees and participates, either directly or indirectly, in the Group's Global Workforce Advisory Panel.

The Board ensures that the interest of employees is always at the forefront of any decisions made.

Our first and most important value as a Company is to Put Safety First, firmly believing that no asset or goal is worth as much as a human life.

The Company participates in a number of Group engagement channels with employees, including the global Employee Engagement Survey, regular employee presentations, annual events such as Global Safety Day and the YourVoice platform which enables employees to anonymously raise any concerns they may have.

To encourage the involvement of employees in the Company's performance, UK employees are eligible to participate in the Group's Save As You Earn (SAYE) scheme and Share Incentive Plan (SIP).

All UK employees are eligible to participate in the SAYE scheme, which encourages employee share ownership and the opportunity to share in the value created in the Group.

All UK employees who have been in employment for three months or more are eligible to participate in the SIP scheme of partnership and matching shares and all UK employees who have been in employment for five months or more are eligible to participate in the SIP free shares scheme. The Group matches the number of partnership shares bought on a 1:1 basis and at the discretion of the Anglo American plc Remuneration Committee, awards free shares up to the maximum permissible within an HMRC approved SIP scheme.

To achieve a common awareness of all employees in relation to the financial and economic factors that affect the performance of the Company, employees are kept informed on matters affecting their working lives and the performance of the Group through CEO briefing updates, announcements on the Company's intranet, formal and informal meetings at local level and direct written communications.

#### Engagement with suppliers, customers and others

The Company aims to be a valued and trusted partner to all members of the industry. This includes the suppliers and customers that we operate with.

#### Disabled employees

The Company's policy is that people with disabilities should have full and fair consideration for all vacancies.

Employment of disabled people is considered on merit and with regard only to the ability of any applicant to carry out the role. The Company endeavours to retain the employment of, and arrange suitable retraining for, any employees in the workforce who become disabled during their employment. Where possible the Company will adjust a person's working environment to enable them to stay in employment.

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Post balance sheet events

On 5 January 2023, the Company disposed of its investment in First Mode Holdings Inc to Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Limited for total consideration of \$8,500,000.

#### Indemnities

To the extent permitted by law and the Articles, the Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year through its ultimate parent company, which remain in force at the date of this report.

#### Independent auditors

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the financial statements with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board on 6 July 2023 and signed by its order.

J Callaway

For and on behalf of Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Secretary

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN TECHNICAL & SUSTAINABILITY SERVICES LTD

# Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Services Ltd's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its loss for the year then
  ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Services Ltd's have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

We have audited the financial statements, included within the annual report and financial statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022; the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN TECHNICAL & SUSTAINABILITY SERVICES LTD

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic report and Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

#### Strategic report and Directors' report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2022 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' report.

#### Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

#### Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Companies Act 2006 and applicable tax legislation, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management bias included within significant accounting judgements and estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Understanding and evaluating the design and implementation of controls designed to prevent and detect irregularities and fraud:
- Inquiry of management and internal audit regarding their consideration of known or suspected instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- · Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account combinations; and

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN TECHNICAL & SUSTAINABILITY SERVICES LTD

 Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in respect of critical accounting judgements and significant accounting estimates, and assessing these judgements and estimates for management bias.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors report.

#### Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

# Other required reporting

# Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Mark King (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

6 July 2023

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Turnover	4	282,916	273,796
Gross profit		282,916	273,796
Administrative expenses		(769,637)	(546,678)
Other operating income	5	11,267	30,341
Operating loss	6	(475,454)	(242,541)
Interest receivable and similar income	8	881	14
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	(12,433)	(13,490)
Loss before tax		(487,006)	(256,017)
Tax on loss	10	(6,435)	(3,166)
Loss for the financial year		(493,441)	(259,183)
Other comprehensive loss: Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			<u> </u>
Actuarial loss on unfunded pension scheme		(2,438)	(109)
Movements of deferred tax relating to pension deficit		658	29
Total other comprehensive loss		(1,780)	(80)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(495,221)	(259, 263)

The notes on pages 16 to 37 form part of these financial statements.

The results relate to continuing operations of the Company.

# ANGLO AMERICAN TECHNICAL & SUSTAINABILITY SERVICES LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11352289

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

			2022		2021
	Note		\$000		\$000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	11		155,391		93,742
Tangible Assets	12		35		60
Investments	13		8,500		8,500
		_	163,926	-	102,302
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due in more than one year	14	2,717		*	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one	4.4	055.000		004.000	
year Cash at bank and in hand	14	255,966		264,369	
Cash at bank and in hand	15	12,084	-	27,398	
	_	270,767		291,767	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(317,004)		(800,920)	
Net current liabilities	-		(46,237)		(509,153)
Total assets less current liabilities			117,689	-	(406,851)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(1,255)		(1,331)
Net assets/(liabilities) excluding pension liability		_	116,434	-	(408,182)
Pension liability	23		(8,707)		(8,558)
Net assets/(liabilities)		_	107,727	-	(416,740)
Capital and reserves				_	
Called up share capital	20		1,002		2
Share premium account	21		48,998		149,998
Capital contribution reserve	21		38,114		18,426
Profit and loss account	21		19,613		(585,166)
Total Shareholders' funds/(deficit)			107,727		(416,740)

# ANGLO AMERICAN TECHNICAL & SUSTAINABILITY SERVICES LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11352289

#### BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

The financial statements on pages 11 to 37 were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 6 July 2023.

Think

A C Sanches Noronha

Director

The notes on pages 16 to 37 form part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

At 1 January 2022	Called up share capital \$000	Share premium account \$000 149,998	Capital contribution reserve \$000 18,426	Profit and loss account \$000 (585,166)	Total equity \$000 (416,740)
Comprehensive loss for the year		10			
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(493,441)	(493,441)
Actuarial losses on unfunded pension scheme	-		-	(2,438)	(2,438)
Deferred tax on unfunded pension scheme	-	-	-	658	658
Total other comprehensive loss for the year	-	-		(1,780)	(1,780)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<del>-</del>		(495,221)	(495,221)
Purchase of own shares	-	-	-	-	-
Shares issued during the year	1,000	999,000	-	-	1,000,000
Share premium reduction	-	(1,100,000)	-	1,100,000	-
Recharge of AA plc shares under employee share schemes	-	-	(7,905)	-	(7,905)
Share-based payments charge	-	-	27,593	-	27,593
Total transactions with owners	1,000	(101,000)	19,688	1,100,000	1,019,688
At 31 December 2022	1,002	48,998	38,114	19,613	107,727

The notes on pages 16 to 37 form part of these financial statements.

Further details in respect of the movements in share capital and share premium are disclosed in notes 20 and 21

Further details in respect of the movements in the capital contribution reserve are disclosed in note 21.

Further details in respect of the actuarial losses on pension scheme are disclosed in note 23.

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital \$000	Share premium account \$000	Capital contribution reserve	Profit and loss account \$000	Total equity
At 1 January 2021	2	149,998	3,849	(325,903)	(172,054)
Comprehensive loss for the year				ii.	
Loss for the year	-	-	•	(259,183)	(259,183)
Actuarial losses on unfunded pension scheme	-	-		(109)	(109)
Deferred tax on unfunded pension scheme	ا <del>-</del>	-	•	29	29
Other comprehensive loss for the year			•	(80)	(80)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	<del></del>		(259,263)	(259,263)
Share-based payments charge	-	-	14,577	•	14,577
Total transactions with owners	-	-	14,577	-	14,577
At 31 December 2021	2	149,998	18,426	(585,166)	(416,740)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1. General information

Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Services Ltd is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Branches of the Company are established in Australia, Chile, Portugal and South Africa. The activities of the branches include management, technical and consultancy services.

The nature of the Company's operations and principal activities is set out in the Directors' report.

The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

Group accounts are not presented as the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Accordingly, these accounts present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. Consolidated financial statements have not been prepared because the Company is exempt under s400 Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

### Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those adopted and disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46-52 of IFRS 2 Share based payment
- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
  - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
    - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- · the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

The Company may take FRS 101 exemptions as it is a member of a group where the parent prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss and the Company is included in that consolidation.

#### 2.3 Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future for the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with the Group as it is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital and other needs.

The directors have also received a commitment of financial support from Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd. for use to the extent that it is necessary, including but not limited to, not seeking repayment of amounts advanced to the Company by the Group unless alternative financing has been secured by the Company and advancing further amounts to the Company as required. This support will remain in place for the foreseeable future, including the period of at least 12 months from authorisation of the Company's financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is United States Dollars (USD) as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

#### 2.5 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

#### 2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

#### 2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.8 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due, Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### Defined benefit pension scheme

The Company operates a defined benefit pension scheme for which full actuarial valuations are carried out at least every three years using the projected unit credit method and updates are performed for each financial year end. The average discount rate for the plans' liabilities is based on AA rated corporate bonds of a suitable duration and currency or, where there is no deep market for such bonds, is based on government bonds.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of changes in equity and are not recycled to profit or loss. Any increase in the present value of plan liabilities expected to arise from employee service during the year is charged to operating profit. The net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability is included in interest expense.

Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested and otherwise amortised on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits vest. The retirement benefit obligation recognised on the balance sheet represents the present value of the deficit of the defined benefit plans.

#### 2.9 Share based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to profit or loss over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each balance sheet date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

The fair value of the award also takes into account non-vesting conditions. These are either factors beyond the control of either party (such as a target based on an index) or factors which are within the control of one or other of the parties (such as the Company keeping the scheme open or the employee maintaining any contributions required by the scheme).

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

When the share awards vest, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is transferred from the capital contribution reserve to the profit and loss account.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.10 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### 2.11 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Software - 5 years

Capital work in progress is not amortised.

#### 2.12 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.12 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery

- 5 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.13 Valuation of investments

Investments are financial asset investments and are initially recognised at fair value.

The Company has elected to measure equity instruments, which are neither held for trading nor are contingent consideration in a business combination, at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI") as this better reflects the strategic nature of the Company's equity investments. For equity instruments at fair value through OCI, changes in fair value, including those related to foreign exchange, are recognised in other comprehensive income and there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss.

#### 2.14 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.16 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.17 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of comprehensive income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet,

#### 2.18 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and that the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

During the year, the Company has claimed Research and Development expenditure credit (RDEC) in respect of costs incurred on research and development projects. See note 5 for further details.

#### 3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no critical judgments made by the directors in applying the Company's accounting policies. There are no key sources of estimation uncertainty.

#### 4. Turnover

An analysis of turnover by country of destination is as follows:

	2022 \$000	2021 <b>\$</b> 000
Chile	66,276	65,742
United Kingdom	159,332	167,724
Australia	49,189	32,498
Other	8,119	7,832
	282,916	273,796

Turnover comprises management, technical and consultancy services charged to other Group companies within the United Kingdom and other geographical areas.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5.	Other operating income		
		2022 \$000	2021 \$000
	Other operating income	11,267	30,341
		11,267	30,341

The Company has recognised other operating income of \$11,267,000 (2021 - \$30,341,000) in respect of Research and Development expenditure credit (RDEC) that has been claimed during the year from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) on qualifying research and development projects.

## 6. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Recharges from related undertakings	122,714	52,555
Legal and professional fees	178,455	165,392
Research and development costs	128,246	63,713
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,622	1,168
Depreciation of tangible assets	25	25
Exchange differences	(837)	3,718

Audit fees for the audit of these financial statements of \$50,832 (2021 - \$50,719) have been borne by Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## 7. Employees

The directors do not receive any emoluments in respect of their services as directors to the Company (2021 - £NIL). The directors do not believe it is practicable to apportion their total remuneration between their services as the directors of the Company and as directors of fellow group companies.

Staff costs were as follows:

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Wages and salaries	133,437	112,452
Social security costs	23,443	15,807
Share-based payments	27,593	14,577
Other pension costs	6,500	5,269
	190,973	148,105

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2022 No.	2021 No.
Asset Strategy & Reliability	13	13
Business Improvement	9	9
Carbon Neutrality	6	3
Data Analytics	45	27
Discovery	65	55
Global IM	80	73
Group Security	7	5
Mining	55	46
nuGen	11	4
Processing	3	3
Projects, Studies & Infrastructure	12	12
Safety	20	16
Supply Chain	155	124
T&S - Commercial Finance	9	9
T&S Leadership	5	4
T&S Office & Sustainable Development	95	80
Technology Development	10	11
	600	494

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

8.	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2022 \$000	2021 \$000
	Interest receivable from group companies	784	-
	Bank and other interest receivable	97	14
		881	14
9.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2022 \$000	2021 \$000
	Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	9,368	12,557
	Other interest payable	328	137
	Interest payable on pension liability	557	345
	Foreign exchange losses	2,180	451
		12,433	13,490

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 10. Tax on loss

The UK rate of corporation tax has been presented within the rate reconciliation below as the most applicable rate due to the Company being UK resident for tax purposes.

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Corporation tax	<b>4000</b>	<b>\$</b> 000
Foreign tax	8,557	6,058
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	68	(467)
	8,625	5 591
Total current tax	8,625	5,591
Deferred tax		
Current year	(2,144)	(1,388)
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(46)	(1,037)
Total deferred tax	(2,190)	(2,425)
Taxation on loss	6,435	3,166

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

### 10. Tax on loss (continued)

## Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Loss before tax	(487,006)	(256,017)
Loss before tax multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)  Effects of:	(92,531)	(48,643)
Expenses not deductible	676	7,476
Share option relief	(2,585)	(7,281)
Transfer pricing adjustments	45,786	-
Tax rate changes	-	(496)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	22	(1,504)
Effects of overseas tax rates	4,394	3,049
Amounts not recognised	(96)	51,458
Foreign branch deferred tax	-	(893)
Group relief surrendered for nil consideration	50,769	-
Total tax charge for the year	6,435	3,166

# Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Act 2021 included measures to increase the standard rate of UK corporation tax to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. The Finance Act 2021 was enacted in June 2021 and accordingly, these rates are applicable to the measurements of deferred tax balances at 31 December 2022.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# 11. Intangible assets

	Software \$000	Capital work in progress \$000	Total \$000
Cost			
At 1 January 2022	5,840	89,265	95,105
Additions	-	63,271	63,271
Transfers between classes	65,387	(65,387)	
At 31 December 2022	71,227	87,149	158,376
Accumulated amortisation			
At 1 January 2022	1,363	-	1,363
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,622	•	1,622
At 31 December 2022	2,985	-	2,985
Net book value			
At 31 December 2022	68,242	87,149	155,391
At 31 December 2021	4,477	89,265	93,742

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# 12. **Tangible assets** Plant and machinery \$000 Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 121 121 At 31 December 2022 Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2022 61 Charge for the year on owned assets 25 At 31 December 2022 86 Net book value At 31 December 2022 35 At 31 December 2021 60 Investments 13. Investments \$000 Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 8,500 At 31 December 2022 8,500 Net book value 8,500 At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 8,500

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 13. Investments (continued)

#### Other investments

The following was an investment of the Company:

	Name	Registered office	Principal activity	shares	Holding
	First Mode Holdings Inc.	542 First Avenue South,Suite 300 Seattle WA 98104 USA	Technical operating company	Series A-1 preferred stock	10%
14.	Debtors: amounts falling	due within one year and a	fter more than one ye	ar	
				2022 \$000	2021 \$000
	Due after more than one y	ear			
	Other debtors			2,717	-
			-	2,717	-
				2022 \$000	2021 \$000
	Due within one year			<b>\$000</b>	φοσο
	Amounts owed by group un	dertakings		214,743	226,261
	Other debtors			12,337	12,617
	Prepayments and accrued i	ncome		5,737	-
	Corporation tax			13,129	18,066
	Deferred tax asset			10,020	7,425
				255,966	264,369

The amounts owed by group undertakings relate to operating receivable balances in respect of management, technical and consultancy services charged by the Company. The balances are non-interest bearing and repayable within 60 days of invoice date.

Class of

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

15.	Cash at bank and in hand		
		2022 \$000	2021 \$000
	Bank and cash balances	12,084	27,398
		12,084	27,398
16.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
	Trade creditors	36,724	30,198
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	145,281	680,821
	Other creditors	17,938	12,373
	Accruals	117,061	77,528
	noti dalo		.,,,,,

All liabilities are unsecured. Amounts owed to group undertakings are considered to be due within one year based on being repayable on demand.

The Company has balances due to Anglo American Capital plc of \$226,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021 - \$618,843,000). The Company and the Chile branch have USD borrowing facilities with Anglo American Capital plc. The Australia branch has an AUD borrowing facility with Anglo American Capital plc.

Interest is charged on the USD balances at the three month USD LIBOR plus 300 basis points and on the AUD balance at the three month Australian Bank Bill Swap Reference Rate plus 300 basis points.

USD LIBOR is being transitioned to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), which is expected to be completed by the end of June 2023 in line with LIBOR cessation date.

The remaining amounts owed to group undertakings relate to operating payable balances in respect of labour costs and other technical services charged by other group companies to the Company. The balances are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

#### 17. Creditors: amounts falling due in more than one year

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Other creditors	1,255	1,331
	1,255	1,331

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

18.	Financial instruments		
		2022 \$000	
	Financial assets		
	Financial assets measured at amortised cost	229,797	238,878
	Cash	12,084	27,398
		241,881	266,276

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (318,259) (802,251)

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed by group undertakings and other debtors

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed to group undertakings, other creditors and accruals.

#### 19. Deferred taxation

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
At beginning of year	7,425	5,154
Charged to profit or loss	2,190	2,425
Charged to other comprehensive income	658	29
Foreign exchange movements	(253)	(183)
At end of year	10,020	7,425

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

### 19. Deferred taxation (continued)

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Foreign branches deferred tax	10,020	7,425
	10,020	7,425

At 31 December 2022, the Company had unutilised tax losses carried forward of \$187,464,000 (2021 - \$462,856,000) for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised. In addition, the Company has potential deferred tax assets of \$161,000 (2021: \$288,000) on fixed asset and other temporary differences in the UK which have not been recognised. This is on the basis that it is not probable that there will be sufficient and suitable taxable profits arising in future years against which to utilise them.

## 20. Called up share capital

	2022	2021
	\$000	\$000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2021 - 1) 1 ordinary share of £1 each share of \$1	-	-
1,001,500 (2021 - 1,500) Ordinary shares of \$1 each	1,002	2
	1,002	2

The Company has two classes of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income,

On 27 October 2022, the Company made a new allotment of 1,000,000 ordinary \$1 shares. These ordinary shares were subscribed by Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Limited for a total consideration of \$1,000,000,000.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 21. Reserves

#### Share premium account

Share premium represents the excess of the issue price over the par value on shares issued less transaction costs arising on issue.

On 27 October 2022, the Company undertook a capital reduction and reduced its share premium by \$1,100,000,000. This amount was transferred to the profit and loss account.

#### Capital contribution reserve

Capital contribution reserve represents the share based payments charge in respect of Anglo American plc shares awarded to employees of the Company. During the year a share based payments charge of \$27,593,000 (2021 - \$14,577,000) was recognised by the Company.

#### Retained earnings

Profit and loss account reserve represents accumulated retained earnings or losses.

#### 22. Share based payments

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company had six share-based payment arrangements with employees. All of the Group's schemes are equity settled, either by award of options to acquire Anglo American plc ordinary shares of 54 86/91 US cents (the "Ordinary Shares") (SAYE) or award of Ordinary Shares (BSP, LTIP, TIP, NCA and SIP).

The fair values of options granted under the SAYE schemes were calculated using a Black Scholes model. The fair value of Ordinary Shares awarded under the BSP and LTIP – ROCE was calculated using a Black Scholes model. The fair value of Ordinary Shares awarded under the LTIP – TSR scheme was calculated using a Monte Carlo model.

All options outstanding at 31 December 2022 with an exercise date on or prior to 31 December 2022 are deemed exercisable. Options were exercised regularly during the year and the weighted average share price for the year ended 31 December 2022 was \$40.11 (2021 - \$29.17).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 23. Pension liability

The Company participates in a defined contribution pension scheme, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Company in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the funds and amounted to \$3,407,000 (2021 - \$2,893,000).

The Australia branch of the Company participates in government legislated superannuation funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Australian branch of the Company to these funds and amounted to \$3,093,000 (2021 - \$2,376,000).

The Chile branch of the Company participates in a multi-employer unfunded pension scheme.

Independent qualified actuaries carry out a valuation every year using the projected unit credit method. The actuaries have updated the valuations to 31 December 2022 using assumptions suitable for IAS 19. Assumptions are set after consultation with the qualified actuaries.

Reconciliation of present value of plan liabilities:

	2022	2021
	\$000	\$000
Reconciliation of present value of plan liabilities		
At the beginning of the year	8,558	10,649
Current service cost	919	880
Interest cost	557	345
Benefits paid	(3,667)	(1,797)
Actuarial loss	2,438	109
Foreign exchange gains	(98)	(1,628)
At the end of the year	8,707	8,558
	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Present value of plan liabilities	(8,707)	(8,558)
Net pension scheme liability	(8,707)	(8,558)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

23.	Deneion	liability (	(continued)
<b>43.</b>	rension	Hability	continuedi

The amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows:

	2022 \$000	2021 \$000
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(557)	(345)
Current service costs	(919)	(880)
Total	(1,476)	(1,225)

The cumulative amount of actuarial losses recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income was \$2,995,000 (2021 - \$557,000). The actuarial loss recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2022 was \$2,438,000 (2021 - \$109,000).

The Company expects to contribute \$NIL to its participates in a multi-employer unfunded pension scheme in 2023.

Principal actuarial assumptions at the Balance sheet date (expressed as weighted averages):

	2022 %	2021 %
Discount rate - nominal	6.689	6.725
Discount rate - real	2.702	3.395
Future salary increases - real	1.000	1.000
Inflation assumption	3.880	3.220

Amounts for the current and previous period are as follows:

Defined benefit pension schemes

Unfunded pension obligation	2022 \$000 (8,707)	2021 \$000 (8,558)
Deficit	(8,707)	(8,558)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 24. Post balance sheet events

On 5 January 2023, the Company disposed of its investment in First Mode Holdings Inc to Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Limited for total consideration of \$8,500,000.

#### 25. Ultimate Parent Undertaking and Controlling party

The immediate parent company is Anglo American Technical & Sustainability Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company and controlling entity is Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Anglo American plc is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared.

The financial statements of both the immediate and ultimate parent companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, 17 Charterhouse Street, London, EC1N 6RA, the registered office of both companies.