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ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS R W Henderson

G Ingram J P Maher C Murphy

COMPANY SECRETARY Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

REGISTERED NUMBER 02295371

REGISTERED OFFICE 17 Charterhouse Street

London

United Kingdom EC1N 6RA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Statutory Auditors
1 Embankment Place

London

United Kingdom WC2N 6RH

BANKERS Barclays Bank PLC

1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5HP

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

INTRODUCTION

Anglo American Finance (UK) Limited (the "Company") is an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of Anglo American plc.

The Company is a holding company, which holds investments in the United Kingdom. Future performance depends on the trading results of its subsidiaries which the directors believe to be satisfactory. There have not been any significant changes in the Company's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

As reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Company's profit after tax is £306,000 compared to a loss of £39,772,000 in 2021. This prior year loss reflected an impairment charge recognised on the Company's investment in Ferro Nickel Marketing Limited.

The balance sheet shows that the Company is in a net asset position of £3,631,000 (2021 - £3,436,000).

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The directors considered the risks attached to the Company's financial instruments. The directors have taken a prudent approach in their consideration of the risks attached to the financial instruments of the Company.

The Company's exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not material for the assessment of assets, liabilities and the financial statements.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Due to the nature of the Company as an investment holding company, there are no key performance indicators reviewed by management or the directors when assessing the performance or position of the Company.

SECTION 172(1) STATEMENT

The Anglo American Finance (UK) Limited Board is cognisant of its legal duty to act in good faith and to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders and with regard to the interests of stakeholders and other factors. These include the likely consequences of any decisions we make in the long term; the need to foster the relationships we have with all our stakeholders; the impact our operations have on the environment and local communities; and the desire to maintain a reputation for high standards of business conduct.

Stakeholder considerations are integral to discussions at Board meetings and the decisions we make take into account any potential impacts on them and the environment. Like any business, we are aware that some of the decisions we make may have an adverse impact on certain stakeholders.

By listening to, understanding and engaging with our stakeholders, the Board endeavours to live up to their expectations, by staying true to the Purpose and making decisions in accordance with our Values.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

OUR PURPOSE AND VALUES

The Board recognises the role of the Company's business in society and within the Anglo American Group. The Group's purpose is summarised as 'to re-imagine mining to improve people's lives', and the Company is focused on contributing to the achievement of this purpose.

The Group's Values: Safety; Care and Respect; Integrity; Accountability; Collaboration; and Innovation guide our behaviour and shape our culture, and are fundamental to creating enduring benefit for all our employees, shareholders, and stakeholders in a way that demonstrably improves people's lives.

ENGAGING OUR STAKEHOLDERS

Healthy stakeholder relationships help us to better communicate how our business decisions, activities and performance are likely to affect or be of significant interest to our stakeholders, and provide the opportunity to cocreate effective and lasting solutions to business and other challenges.

The Company's stakeholders include our host communities, governments, industry peers and broader civil society in addition to our shareholders.

LONG TERM DECISION MAKING

The Board took a range of factors and stakeholder considerations into account when making decisions in the year. Decisions are made within the context of the long term factors that may impact the Company and its stakeholders.

This report was approved by the board on 13 June 2023 and signed by its order.

J Callaway

For and on behalf of

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Secretary

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the audited financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' confirmations

In the case of each director in office at the date the directors' report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £306,000 (2021 - loss of £39,772,000).

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend for the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

R W Henderson G Ingram J P Maher C Murphy

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The financial risk management policies of the Company are disclosed in the Strategic Report.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

GOING CONCERN

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future for the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with Anglo American plc and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") as it is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital and other needs. The Company's cash flow forecasts for the period to the end of June 2024, with considerations given to the uncertainties of the wider macroeconomic environment and trading performance of the Group, show that the Company maintains sufficient liquidity throughout the period of assessment without the use of mitigating actions.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

INDEMNITIES

To the extent permitted by law and the Articles, the Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year through its ultimate parent company, which remain in force at the date of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the financial statements with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

This report was approved by the board on 13 June 2023 and signed by its order.

J Callaway

For and on behalf of

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN FINANCE (UK) LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Anglo American Finance (UK) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022; the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic report and Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN FINANCE (UK) LIMITED

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic report and Directors' report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2022 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Companies Act 2006 and applicable tax legislation, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management bias included within significant accounting judgements and estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Understanding and evaluating the design and implementation of controls designed to prevent and detect irregularities and fraud:
- Inquiry of management, Internal Audit and the Company's legal advisors regarding their consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account combinations; and
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in respect of critical accounting judgements and significant accounting estimates, and assessing these judgements and estimates for management bias.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN FINANCE (UK) LIMITED

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Alex Lazarus (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

13 June 2023

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £000	2021 £000
Turnover	4	287	5,225
GROSS PROFIT		287	5,225
Investment impairment	5	-	(44,947)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	6	287	(39,722)
Interest receivable and similar income	8	19	-
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	-	(50)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX		306	(39,772)
Tax on profit/(loss)	10	-	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		306	(39,772)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME: ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS:	=		
Fair value gain on other investment		-	596
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	_	-	596
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		306	(39,176)

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

The results relate to continuing operations of the Company.

ANGLO AMERICAN FINANCE (UK) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02295371

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

			2022		2021
	Note		£000		£000
FIXED ASSETS					
Other investments	12		596		596
			596	_	596
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	13	2,806		2,729	
Cash at bank and in hand	14	229		-	
	_	3,035		2,729	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	_				
LIABILITIES			3,631		3,325
NET ASSETS			3,631	_	3,325
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				=	
Called up share capital	16		21,343		21,343
Share premium account	17		4,541		4,541
Profit and loss account	17		(22,253)		(22,559)
			3,631	=	3,325

The financial statements on pages 9 to 24 were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 13 June 2023.

G Ingram Director

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

At 1 January 2022	Called up share capital £000 21,343	Share premium account £000 4,541	Profit and loss account £000 (22,559)	Total equity £000 3,325
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	-	306	306
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	306	306
At 31 December 2022	21,343	4,541	(22,253)	3,631

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

At 1 January 2021	Called up share capital £000 21,343	Share premium account £000 4,541	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000 42,501
Comprehensive loss for the year Loss for the year	-	-	(39,772)	(39,772)
Fair value gain on other investment		-	596	596
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	596	596
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(39,176)	(39,176)
At 31 December 2021	21,343	4,541	(22,559)	3,325

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Anglo American Finance (UK) Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The nature of the Company's operations and principal activities is set out in the Strategic report.

The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD 101 - REDUCED DISCLOSURE EXEMPTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

The Company may take FRS 101 exemptions as it is a member of a group where the parent prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss and the Company is included in that consolidation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 GOING CONCERN

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future for the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with the Group as it is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital and other needs. The Company's cash flow forecasts for the period to the end of June 2024, with considerations given to the uncertainties of the wider macroeconomic environment and trading performance of the Group, show that the Company maintains sufficient liquidity throughout the period of assessment without the use of mitigating actions.

2.4 REVENUE

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Dividend income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

2.5 VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.6 OTHER INVESTMENTS

Investments, other than investments in subsidiaries, are financial asset investments and are initially recognised at fair value.

The Company has elected to measure equity instruments, which are neither held for trading nor are contingent consideration in a business combination, at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI") as this better reflects the strategic nature of the Company's equity investments. For equity instruments at fair value through OCI, changes in fair value, including those related to foreign exchange, are recognised in other comprehensive income and there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss.

2.7 DEBTORS

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either fair value or amortised cost, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

On initial recognition of an investment in equity instrument, the Company may make an irrevocable election to designate the financial assets as at fair value through other comprehensive income, providing that it is not held for trading nor is it contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies.

Financial liabilities

At amortised cost

Financial liabilities which are neither contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, held for trading, nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.10 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.11 FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.12 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.13 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

3. JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

There are no critical judgements made by the directors in applying the Company's accounting policies other than assessing investments for impairment and determining recoverability of loans.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Determining whether the Company's equity investments in subsidiaries have been impaired requires estimations of the recoverable amount of the investments. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The value in use calculations require the Company to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the investments and suitable discount rates in order to calculate present values. If the recoverable amount of an investment is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. See Note 5 for further information.

Determining recoverability of loans

The Company assesses the recoverability of loans to group undertakings and makes provision in the event that full recovery is not expected. The recoverability of loans is assessed by application of the expected credit loss model along with a qualitative assessment.

Measurement of fair value of other investments

Determining the valuation of the Company's 12.70% investment in Global Commodities Holdings Limited requires estimation of the fair value of the investment. Under IFRS 9 Financial Instruments cost can be used as an estimate of fair value in limited circumstances where there is insufficient other information to determine fair value. As such the directors have determined the fair value of the investment in Global Commodities Holdings Limited to be equivalent to the cost of investment. Please refer to Note 12 for details.

The movements in fair value are recognised through other comprehensive income and there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss, whereas dividend income from investments is recorded within earnings for the year.

4. REVENUE

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Dividend revenue	287	5,225
	287	5,225

On 2 March 2022, the Company received a dividend of £77,000 (2021 - £5,029,000) from its subsidiary undertaking Ferro Nickel Marketing Limited.

On 8 April 2022, the Company received a dividend of £210,000 (2021 - £196,000) from its equity investment in Global Commodities Holdings Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5. INVESTMENT IMPAIRMENT

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Impairment charge	-	(44,947)
	-	(44,947)

The impairment charge of £43,866,000 recognised in the prior year on the Company's investment in Ferro Nickel Marketing Limited (the 'subsidiary Company') arose following the receipt of a dividend of the subsidiary Company's remaining reserves and a disposal of its underlying investment which resulted in a reduction in the recoverable amount of the Company's investment. The subsidiary Company no longer holds any revenue generating assets. The investment is now fully impaired and there was no further impairment charge recognised during the year.

The impairment charge of £1,081,000 recognised in the prior year on the Company's investment in Anglo Base Metals Marketing Limited (the 'subsidiary Company') arose following the purchase of additional share capital in the subsidiary Company to enable it to repay its borrowings with a related undertaking. The subsidiary Company no longer holds any revenue generating assets. The investment is now fully impaired and there was no further impairment charge recognised during the year.

6. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

Audit fees for the audit of these financial statements of £23,125 (2021 - £20,740) have been borne by Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd.

7. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2021 - £NIL). The directors do not believe it is practicable to apportion their total remuneration between their services as the directors of the Company and as directors of fellow group companies.

8. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Foreign exchange gain	16	-
Other interest receivable	3	-
	19	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

9.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	-	28
	Exchange loss		22
			50
10.	TAX ON PROFIT/(LOSS)		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
	TOTAL CURRENT TAX		-
	FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standarthe UK of 19% (2021 - 19%). The differences are explained below:	ard rate of corpo	ration tax in
		2022	2021
		£000	£000
	Profit/(loss) before tax	306	(39,772)
	Profit/(loss) multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%		<i></i>

(2021 - 19%)

Impairment of subsidiaries

Dividends from UK companies

Group relief claimed for nil payment

TOTAL TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) FOR THE YEAR

EFFECTS OF:

(7,557)

8,541

(993)

9

58

(55)

(3)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

10. TAX ON PROFIT/(LOSS) (CONTINUED)

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX EXPENSES

The Finance Act 2021 included measures to increase the standard rate of UK corporation tax to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. The Finance Act 2021 was enacted in June 2021 and accordingly, these rates are applicable to the measurements of deferred tax balances at 31 December 2022. No deferred tax has been recognised during the year.

11. INVESTMENTS

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2022	44,947
At 31 December 2022	44,947
Impairment	
At 1 January 2022	44,947
At 31 December 2022	44,947
Net book value	
At 31 December 2022	
At 31 December 2021	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

11. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Anglo American REACH Limited	17 Charterhouse Street, London, EC1N 6RA, United Kingdom	Service Company	Ordinary	100%
Anglo Base Metals Marketing Limited	17 Charterhouse Street, London, EC1N 6RA, United Kingdom	Marketing Company	Ordinary	100%
Ferro Nickel Marketing Limited	17 Charterhouse Street, London, EC1N 6RA, United Kingdom	Marketing Company	Ordinary	100%

Group financial statements are not presented as the Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of Anglo American plc, which is registered in England and Wales. Accordingly, these financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. Consolidated financial statements have not been prepared because the Company is exempt under s400 of the Companies Act 2006.

Further details in respect of impairment charges recognised during the year are disclosed in note 5.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

12. OTHER INVESTMENTS

Assets
classified
at fair value
through
other
comprehens
ive income
£000

Valuation

At 1 January 2022

596

At 31 December 2022

596

The Company holds a 12.70% investment in Global Commodities Holdings Limited. No fair value gain has been recognised by the Company during the year (2021 - £596,000).

13. DEBTORS

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Amounts owed by group undertaking	2,806	2,729
	2,806	2,729

The Company has a deposit agreement with an affiliated undertaking of which £2,806,000 (2021 - £2,729,000) had been deposited at year end. The balance bears interest at the one month GBP LIBOR rate less ten basis points. The amounts owed are unsecured and repayable on demand.

The intercompany GBP loan agreement has been transitioned to SONIA in February 2023.

14. CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND

	£000	£000
Cash at bank and in hand	229	
	229	_

0000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2022 £000	2021 £000
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	229	-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2,806	2,729
Financial assets measured at fair value	596	596
	3,631	3,325

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed by group undertakings.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise other investments.

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Shares classified as equity	2022 £000	2021 £000
Authorised 50,000,000 <i>(2021 - 50,000,000)</i> Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50,000	50,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 21,343,147 (2021 - 21,343,147) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	21,343	21,343

The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income.

17. RESERVES

Share premium account

Share premium represents the excess of the issue price over the par value on shares issued less transaction costs arising on issue.

Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account reserve represents accumulated retained earnings or losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Company received a dividend of £210,000 (2021 - £197,000) from its equity investment in Global Commodities Holdings Limited.

19. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

20. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent company is Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd., a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company and controlling entity is Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Anglo American plc is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared. The financial statements of both the immediate and ultimate parent companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, 17 Charterhouse Street, London, EC1N 6RA, the registered office of both companies.

21. RELATED UNDERTAKINGS

In accordance with Section 409 of the Companies Act 2006, a full list of related undertakings, the country of incorporation and the effective percentage of equity owned as at 31 December 2022 is disclosed in note 11 to these financial statements. Unless otherwise stated, the share capital disclosed comprises ordinary shares which are held by subsidiaries of the Company.